



Family Support Guide



Starting conversations about potential care needs with an elderly relative can be tricky—it's emotional, sensitive and often delayed until there's a crisis. But if you plan it right, it can be a supportive, proactive chat rather than a stressful one.

Here is a helpful guide you and your family could use to prepare and navigate that conversation smoothly.

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Starting the Conversation

Helping families open the door to compassionate, thoughtful care discussions with their older loved ones.



Why This Conversation Matters

Talking about future care needs with an ageing loved one is not easy, but it is essential. Whether you're noticing subtle changes or preparing for the future, open conversations ensure your loved one's wishes are heard, respected and central to any plans.

At Trinity Homecare we believe the best care journeys begin with empathy, understanding and careful planning. This guide helps you navigate that first, vital step.

Common Emotions You May Encounter

For the Elderly

Fear – of losing control or facing the unknown.

Loss of Independence – struggling with asking for or accepting help.

Sadness or Grief - mourning the loss of abilities, lifestyle or friends.

Denial – difficulty acknowledging health or memory changes.

For the Family

Guilt – feeling like you're not doing enough or too much.

Frustration – balancing caregiving with personal and family responsibilities.

Resentment – unequal roles within the family can build tension.

Worry – concern for your loved one's safety, wellbeing and future.

1. Choosing the Right Time & Place

Timing and setting are everything. Create a moment that feels safe, relaxed and free of distractions.

Choose a Calm Time

- Not during or after a medical scare or family conflict.
- Consider weekends or holidays when there's less time pressure.
- After a shared activity (meal, walk or visit) can help everyone feel at ease.

Find a Comfortable Space

- Private, quiet and familiar—like a cosy living room or garden.
- Avoid public places where emotions might be harder to express.

Allow Plenty of Time

- Don't rush. Be prepared for pauses and reflection.
- You may need more than one conversation. That's OK.

2. Adopt the Right Tone: Gentle, Supportive, Respectful

This isn't about telling your loved one what to do. It's about listening and exploring together. Your approach should reflect care, not control.

Key Tips

Speak from a place of love and concern:

- "I want you to feel supported and safe as you get older."
- Be respectful of their autonomy and life experience.
- Reassure them they're in control of decisions.

3. Conversation Starters: Open-Ended & Thoughtful

Kick off the conversation with gentle curiosity. Ask questions that encourage them to share their feelings, fears and hopes.

Examples

- "How are you feeling about things at home these days?"
- "Are there any tasks you've been finding harder to manage?"
- "What's important to you as you think about the future?"



4. Normalise the Conversation: It's About Planning, Not Reacting

Explain that this is a common, wise and proactive conversation, something that many families have, even when things seem OK.

What You Can Say:

- "We're thinking about the future for all of us, just in case. It's helpful to know what you want."
- "Lots of families talk about this before it becomes urgent, it helps us make sure your wishes are always respected."
- "This doesn't mean things have to change today, but it gives us peace of mind knowing we have a plan if it's ever needed."

5. Common Reactions & How to Respond

Your loved one might feel:



Defensive: "I'm fine, I don't need help!"

Response: "I know you're managing really well. We just want to make sure you have support if you ever want it."



Fearful of Losing Independence

Response: "This is about helping you stay independent for as long as possible. The right support can make that easier."



Overwhelmed or Emotional

Response: "I get it. This is a big topic. We can take it slow—this is just the first chat."

6. Focus on Their Priorities & Wishes

Shift the focus to what matters to them—what gives them joy, purpose and dignity.

What You Can Say:

- "What would help you stay comfortable and independent at home?"
- "Are there things you'd like to keep doing that we can help support?"
- "What are your biggest worries? How can we ease them together?"

Reaffirm Your Support

- "We're here to help you make decisions, not make them for you."
- "You'll always be in control of what happens next."

7. End on a Positive, Reassuring Note

Even if decisions aren't made in this first chat, you're laying groundwork. End with warmth and reassurance.

Closing Ideas:

- "This has been really helpful for me to understand what's important to you."
- "We don't need to decide anything today. We can keep talking whenever you're ready."
- "We're in this together, every step of the way."

8. Next Steps (When They're Ready)

When the time feels right, you can:

- Explore care options (like Country Cousins Homecare services)
- Schedule a home care assessment
- Create a written care plan with their input
- Involve other family members in future discussions



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Assessing Needs Worksheet

Helping you and your loved one understand where support could make life easier, safer and more fulfilling.

How to Use This Worksheet

This simple tool is designed to guide you through a conversation with your loved one about how they're managing day-to-day. It can help you identify areas where support may enhance their quality of life - now or in the future.

How to Complete the Worksheet

For each area of life listed below, discuss with your loved one how they are managing today. Use the rating scale to mark their level of independence.

Tip: Sit down together in a relaxed, private setting.
Emphasise that this is about listening and planning, not rushing into changes.



1. PHYSICAL HEALTH & MOBILITY

How well is your loved one managing their physical health and getting around?

Activities	INDEPENDENT	NEEDS SOME HELP	NEEDS FULL HELP
Walking (indoors & outdoors)			
Using stairs safely			
Getting in and out of chairs or bed			
Bathing or showering			
Dressing			
Managing chronic health conditions (e.g. diabetes, arthritis)			
Taking medications as prescribed			

2. COGNITIVE HEALTH & MEMORY

How is your loved one managing decision-making, memory, and mental clarity?

Activities	INDEPENDENT	NEEDS SOME HELP	NEEDS FULL HELP
Remembering appointments or events			
Managing finances (paying bills on time)			
Following instructions (e.g., from doctors)			
Decision-making and judgment			
Recognising familiar people/places			

3. EMOTIONAL WELLBEING & SOCIAL LIFE

Consider how your loved one feels emotionally and how socially connected they are.

Activities	INDEPENDENT	NEEDS SOME HELP	NEEDS FULL HELP
Staying in touch with friends and family			
Participating in hobbies/activities			
Coping with feelings of loneliness or isolation			
Signs of depression or anxiety			
Feeling safe and secure at home			

4. DAILY ACTIVITIES & HOUSEHOLD TASKS

Assess how your loved one is managing the daily routines that keep life running smoothly.

Activities	INDEPENDENT	NEEDS SOME HELP	NEEDS FULL HELP
Cooking and preparing meals			
Grocery shopping			
Housekeeping (cleaning, laundry)			
Driving or using public transport			
Managing personal hygiene (brushing teeth, grooming)			

5. FINANCIAL & LEGAL PLANNING

Consider whether your loved one has the appropriate financial and legal protections in place.

Activities	INDEPENDENT	NEEDS SOME HELP	NEEDS FULL HELP
Paying bills on time			
Managing bank accounts			
Understanding financial decisions			
Has a Power of Attorney (finance & health)			
Has an up-to-date will or advance directive			

6. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Think about potential safety risks inside and outside the home.

Activities	INDEPENDENT	NEEDS SOME HELP	NEEDS FULL HELP
Risk of falls (loose rugs, stairs, poor lighting)			
Kitchen safety (using stove, sharp utensils)			
Managing emergency situations (knows how to get help)			
Wandering or getting lost outside the home			

Reflection & Next Steps

Once you've completed the worksheet, take a moment to reflect on:

- Which areas are your loved one managing well on their own?
- Are there any areas of concern that need immediate attention?
- What types of support might help them maintain independence and quality of life?



You Might Consider

Simple home modifications

Part-time or full-time care at home

Exploring longterm care options when needed Companionship care to reduce isolation

Help with medication management

Options for Care Cheat Sheet

Purpose: Demystify care options and levels of support for older adults and those with evolving care needs.

IN-HOME CARE

- Companion Care: Social interaction, errands, light housekeeping.
- Personal Care Aides: Help with bathing, dressing, mobility, meals.
- Skilled Nursing: Medical care at home (wound care, medication management, therapy).

ADULT DAY CENTRES

- Social activities and peer interaction.
- Meals and snacks provided.
- Supervision and limited medical services.
- Great for caregiver respite and maintaining routines.

ASSISTED LIVING

- Private or shared apartments + community spaces.
- Support with daily living (bathing, dressing, meds).
- Social events, fitness, transportation and dining.
- **Promotes independence** with safety net support.

NURSING HOMES

(Skilled Nursing Facilities)

- 24/7 medical care and supervision.
- Support for complex medical conditions and recovery.
- Rehabilitation services (physical, occupational, speech therapy).
- Often long-term or posthospitalisation care.



Pro Tip: Choosing the right option depends on current needs, future planning, budget and personal preferences.



Understanding Coverage: What Does the Government Pay For?

NHS Continuing Healthcare (CHC) Fully funded care for individuals with **significant** ongoing **health needs**.

Covers:

- ✓ Care home fees
- ✓ Nursing care
- ✓ At-home care services

Eligibility: Based on health needs, not financial means. **Assessment required** via NHS.

NHS-Funded Nursing Care

- Contribution toward nursing care in a care home (if you're not eligible for CHC).
- Paid directly to the care home to cover nursing care from a registered nurse.

Local Authority Support (Social Care Funding)

Means-tested support for:

- ✓ Residential care homes
- ✓ Home care services
- ✓ Equipment and adaptations

Eligibility: Based on income, savings and assets. If assets are above £23,250 (England), you'll likely need to self-fund.

What's Self-Funded?

If you don't qualify for full government funding:

- Residential care home fees
- Home care support (personal care, cleaning, shopping)
- Private carers or live-in care
- Home modifications (unless provided by local councils)
- Social activities and transport

Tip: Plan early and explore all funding options available!

VETERANS' BENEFITS & LOCAL PROGRAMMES

War Pensions and Armed Forces Compensation Scheme

Support with:

- ✓ Disability benefits
- ✓ Financial assistance
- ✓ Grants for home adaptations
- ✓ Respite breaks

Charities like **SSAFA**, **Royal British Legion** and **Help for Heroes** offer additional grants and support services.

- Local Authority Grants & Charitable Support
- **Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG)**: For home adaptations to maintain independence.
- **Carer's Allowance**: Financial support for those caring 35+ hours a week.
- Local Age UK offices, Alzheimer's Society and Turn2Us can assist with grants and benefits checks.

Legal
Planning:
Protecting
Finances &
Wishes

Working with Elder Law Solicitors & Financial Advisers

- Lasting Power of Attorney (LPA):
 - ✓ Health & Welfare
 - ✓ Property & Financial Affairs
 - ✓Appoint someone to make decisions on your behalf if you lose capacity.
- Advance Decisions to Refuse Treatment (ADRT):
 Record decisions about refusing specific treatments in future scenarios.
- Wills & Trusts: Essential for ensuring assets go to the right people and avoiding disputes.

Consider setting up trusts to protect assets from care costs (seek specialist advice).

- Solicitors for the Elderly (SFE): Specialist legal advisers in wills, LPAs, care funding and estate planning.
- Independent Financial Advisers (IFAs):

Can help with:

- ✓ Long-term care planning
- ✓ Equity release
- ✓ Pension and investment advice
- ✓ Maximising available benefits

Look for IFAs accredited with SOLLA (Society of Later Life Advisers) for expert guidance.



Next Steps:

- 1. Book a care needs assessment via your local authority.
- 2. Clarify eligibility for NHS Continuing Healthcare.
- 3. Review assets for social care funding thresholds.
- 4. Prepare legal documents (Wills, LPAs).
- 5. Consult elder law solicitors and later life financial advisers.



Self-Care Tips for Family Carers

Take Breaks Without Guilt

Rest isn't a luxury; it's essential.

Arrange respite care or ask others to step in.

Stay Connected

Talk to friends, join a support group, or spend time doing activities you enjoy.

Look After Your Health

Keep up with your own GP appointments. Eat well, stay active and get enough sleep.

Know When to Say 'No'

It's okay to set boundaries. You cannot pour from an empty cup.

Ask for Help

Don't wait until you're overwhelmed.

Reach out to family, friends, professionals or helplines.

Emotional support is just as important as physical care.

By listening, understanding, and working together, families and loved ones can stay connected and resilient—through every step of the journey.



Family Communication Plan

Purpose: Keep everyone informed and involved.

Caring for a loved one is a team effort and communication is key. Our Communication Plan is designed to ensure that everyone stays in the loop, feels heard and plays a meaningful role in your elder's care journey.

Family Meeting Guide

How to involve siblings or key relatives

Regular family meetings — whether in person, virtual or by phone — help keep everyone aligned and engaged.

Here's how to make them effective:

- Set a regular schedule: Monthly or biweekly check-ins work well.
- Share updates: Medical, emotional and practical updates help everyone stay informed.
- **Encourage participation:** Invite input from all family members, even those who live far away.
- Create a safe space: Make sure everyone feels comfortable sharing concerns, ideas and feedback.

Pro tip: Use a shared email thread or group chat to follow up and keep conversations going between meetings.

Roles and Responsibilities

Who does what?

A clear division of tasks helps prevent burnout and ensures no detail gets overlooked.

Consider assigning roles such as:

- Primary caregiver: Day-to-day care and coordination
- Medical liaison: Attends doctor's appointments and keeps track of records
- **Financial coordinator:** Manages budgets, bills and paperwork
- Emotional support: Checks in regularly with the elder for companionship and mental well-being
- Backup support: Fills in during emergencies or when others need a break.

Flexibility is important — roles can shift over time depending on availability and needs.



When everyone knows their role, feels respected and stays connected, your elder receives the best support possible and your family grows even closer.



SHORT-TERM GOALS

Explore and prepare for what's next.

Use this phase to assess needs, try new services and build confidence in your care approach.

Schedule a home care or safety assessment:

A professional evaluation can help identify overlooked needs.

Try trial periods for support services:

In-home care, adult day programs, meal delivery or transportation assistance.

Build a care calendar:

Coordinate schedules between family, friends and professionals. Track appointments, social visits and breaks for caregivers.

This stage is about testing what works — without pressure to commit long-term.

LONG-TERM PLANNING

Secure the future with thoughtful decisions.

Once the basics are in place, it's time to look ahead. Proactive planning today prevents crisis-driven choices tomorrow.

Review legal documents:

Power of attorney, healthcare proxy, living will and estate plans. Make updates as needed and store copies in an accessible location.

Discuss long-term housing options:

Staying at home, downsizing, moving in with family or exploring assisted living. Factor in finances, accessibility and your loved one's preferences.

Plan for evolving care needs:

Coordinate schedules between family, friends and professionals. Track appointments, social visits and breaks for caregivers.

Long-term planning is an act of love and a gift of stability.

Make it Real: Put it in Writing

Use this template as a living document. Update it as your family's needs evolve and revisit it together every few months.

A clear plan provides reassurance and promotes confidence among all involved.



Trusted Resources List (UK Edition)

Reliable information and support, when you need it most.

Caring for an older loved one can be challenging - but you're not alone. These trusted UK-based websites, hotlines and support networks are here to guide you through every step of the journey.

WEBSITES



www.ageuk.org.uk

Advice on health, care, housing, money and staying independent.



www.alzheimers.org.uk

Advice on health, care, housing, money and staying independent.



www.carersuk.org

Essential info for unpaid carers, including benefits guidance and a helpful online forum.



www.gov.uk/find-local-council

Use this to connect with your local authority for assessments and services.



www.nhs.co.uk

Step-by-step guidance on getting care and support services in the UK.



Hotlines & Support Groups

Speak to someone who understands.

Age UK Advice Line 0800 678 1602

Free advice 8am-7pm, every day of the year.

Alzheimer's Society Helpline

0333 150 3456

Open 7 days a week; trained advisers offer emotional support and practical info.

Independent Age 0800 319 6789

Friendly advice and support on care, health and planning for later life.

Carers UK Helpline 0808 808 7777

Confidential support and practical advice for carers (Mon–Fri, 9am–6pm).

Mind Infoline 0300 123 3393

For mental health support, emotional well-being and managing carer stress.

Local Carer Support Groups & Centres

0800 319 6789

Carers Trust or your local council's Adult Social Services department

Print or save this list and keep it somewhere visible — like your fridge or care folder — so it's easy to access in a moment of need.

Professional Guidance

Get expert help for care coordination or complex needs





Elder Care Consultants / Case Managers

Search for private care advisers via:

- The British Association of Social Workers
- Local directories or your council's Adult Social Care team



GP or NHS Community Social Worker Referral

Ask your GP about a referral to adult social care or a needs assessment.



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